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By AJAY SHRIRAM

THE GREAT INDIAN FAMILY BUSINESS

ANNIVERSARY SPECIAL/ COLUMN

Be open to the possibility of seeking external help to successfully run your family-owned business

HE FAMILY AS A SOCIAL institution, indeed the oldest institution of humanity evidenced by The Code of Hammurabi written over 4,000 years ago in Mesopotamian cuneiform, continues to assert its pre-eminent position in global societies, unconditioned by the nebulous ties that mark human relations today. The strength and tenacity of the family is determined by its innate ability to adapt to changing times. Hence, there is no gainsaying that the family will continue to hyphenate all key dimensions of society. And the reasons are not farfetched.

The family creates a strong support system for individuals, not just during their childhood but all through their

life in a myriad ways. The family also provides society with a structure for passing along a culture's values from one generation to the next.

It is these very core strengths that provide solidity to enterprises owned and managed by families. Pertinent to note that 80-90 per cent of all firms worldwide are family-owned and that indeed serves as a major stabilising factor to open economies, where the private sector drives GDP growth and employment generation. Prof. William T. O'Hara in his 2003 book Centuries of Success: Lessons from the World's Most Enduring Family Businesses' writes, "Before the multinational cor-

poration, there was family business. Before the industrial revolution, there was family business. Before the enlightenment of Greece and the empire of Rome, there was family business."

In a similar vein, family-run enterprises account for some 90 per cent of India's industrial output and nearly 80 per cent of organised private sector employment. The fact is, the dominant position of Indian family enterprises on the business turf has not changed very much although the economy underwent climatic changes in the wake of accelerated privatisation, globalisation, and rise of knowledge business

powered by young start-up entrepreneurs.

Sample this: 15 of the top 20 business groups in 2016 are family-owned. Together, they controlled nearly Rs 26 lakh crore (\$390 billion) of assets at the end of FY16, accounting for 84 per cent of the combined assets of the top 20 business groups.

Family enterprises are seen to exude a greater sense of commitment and passion to their sphere of business. A family business survey conducted by PwC in 2013 brought forth the fact that family business owners tend to take better care of their businesses as they have greater personal stakes involved. Family businesses are more appreciative of their talent and non-family members are often treated as members of the family. "These strong, long-term relationships

with both employees and the other stakeholders (for example, suppliers, etc.) result in fruitful daily operations," the report says.

The PwC report also cites other key attributes of family business, namely, agility in business decision making, deep industry insight, mutual trust, employment generation and entrepreneurship development as factors that reinforce the dominant position of family enterprises on India's business landscape.

To delve deeper into these attributes, most family enterprises do not have any direct responsibility to shareholders outside the family and so they have

greater flexibility in making decisions that improve the speed with which they launch new initiatives, change operations, evaluate new business opportunities, etc.

Family businesses also command significant experience and expertise in the domains in which they do business. "Often, those who lead family enterprises have a true pulse of the market and an understanding of their consumers' likes as well as dislikes," says the report.

That said, family businesses, in general, do face a gamut of challenges owing to which several traditional Indian family business groups have fallen behind in their respec-

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tive domains in the face of increasing competition from new entities.

Ground realties suggest that succession has been the Achilles heel for many family businesses. It is seen that business groups with smooth transition to the next generation have been better at taking advantage of new growth opportunities in contrast to those where succession led to family squabbles.

There is also the added challenge of managing the diverse opinions of family members in the business and solving internal issues and disputes, difference in approach and viewpoints between the older and young generations, and defining strategic roles for non-family professionals in the business.

In view of these challenges, an increasing number of family businesses in India are having their businesses run by professionals at the senior levels. An

estimated 96 per cent of the Indian family businesses have non-family members on their board as compared to the global average of 64 per cent. About 20 per cent are reportedly likely to offer shares to the non-family executives in the near future as an additional means to attract and retain potential talent.

With increasingly professionalisation of family business operations and management, what would family businesses look like two decades from now, say in 2035? Family is a time-tested social institution whose relevance in global societies would remain undiluted regardless of the changing mores of people.

Family enterprises by nature are governed by strong family values, and so their endurance on the business turf is equally unquestionable. That said, the competitiveness and perpetuity of the Indian family businesses would depend on the ability of family members to professionalise their individual approach to business, incubate business ideas for the future, embrace new technologies and best practices, place a premium on talent and management depth, and importantly



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draw a clear line between family business ownership and management.

Given the complexities of modern day businesses, families will need to recognise that they do not have all the answers to the challenges they face. They will need to seek external help with an open mind. Similarly, business does not operate in isolation; expectations of governments, civil society and local communities are to be met. It will require both humility and negotiating skills to manage the landscape. Family elders will be called upon to exhibit statesmanship and be adept at arriving at a fine balance between family, business, society and above all demands of each new generation.

Current business realities and the likely course of businesses in the future suggest that family businesses will retain their sway over different sectors. The only change perhaps would be that the more competitive family businesses will take the place of those conceding ground to competition.

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